

**B.Tech. Civil (Water Resources  
Engineering)****Term-End Examination****June, 2007****ET-533(B) : OPEN CHANNEL FLOW**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

**Note :** Solve any **five** questions. All questions carry equal marks. Give neat and labelled sketches in support of your answer. Use of calculator is allowed.

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1. (a) A triangular section with side slope  $z = 1.5$  runs water at a depth of 3.5 m. Calculate its hydraulic radius (R), and top width (T). 5
- (b) Distinguish between hydraulic radius and hydraulic depth of an open channel. 4
- (c) If a triangular section has a section factor ( $z$ ) = 9.2 in metric units, find the depth of flow in it if  $z = 2$ . 5
2. (a) Explain what you understand by specific energy; and give a typical specific-energy curve for a given discharge in an open channel. 6

- (b) A rectangular channel expands smoothly from a width of 2 m to 3.5 m. If u/s of the expansion has a depth of flow as 0.75 m, and the velocity of flow is 2.3 m/s, derive the equation in terms of  $y$  ( $d/s$  flow depth) to help estimate the depth of flow after the expansion. (There is no change in the elevation of the channel bed). Indicate how you will solve this equation; and which value of  $y$  would you adopt out of the values that form the solution of the equation. 8
3. (a) Explain how bed slopes are categorised as horizontal, mild, critical, and steep. 4
- (b) Derive, from first principles, an expression for the hydraulic exponent for a uniform-flow computation in terms of flow depth, flow area, top flow width, hydraulic radius, and  $(dP)/dy$ . 7
- (c) If the hydraulic exponent for the critical flow computation,  $M = 3.12$ , and hydraulic exponent for uniform flow computation,  $N = 3.71$ , find the value of  $J$ . 3
4. (a) Discuss, in brief, the design of channel contractions and expansions at transitions. 5
- (b) A venturi flume is 1.5 m wide at its entrance, and 0.5 m at its throat. Neglecting hydraulic losses in the flume, determine the flow through the flume, if the depth of flow at these sections is 0.6 m and 0.55 m, respectively. 9

5. Show that for negative surges in an open channel :

$$V_w = 3\sqrt{gy} - V_2 - 2\sqrt{gy_2},$$

symbols denoting their usual meaning.

14

6. Starting from velocity potential ( $\phi$ ), discuss mathematically the particle velocity and orbital motion with respect to a wave in an open channel.

14

7. Write short notes on any **two** of the following :

2×7

- (i) Velocity distribution in open channels with triangular, trapezoidal, narrow rectangular and circular cross-sectional shapes
- (ii) Wave action on dams
- (iii) Wave action on structures standing on shores

